#### **Study Material**

### Text Book

Elements of Electromagnetics, 6<sup>th</sup> Ed. Matthew N. O. Sadiku Oxford University Press

#### Study Scattering at an Interface

Read Chapter 10, pp. 488-520.

#### Transmission and Reflection at Normal Incidence

An electromagnetic wave is incident from Material 1 onto Material 2 at normal incidence as illustrated below. Answer the following problems given this geometry.

### Problem #1

Write general expressions for the electric and magnetic field components for the incident, reflected, and transmitted waves shown in the figure above. Write the magnetic field equations in terms of electric field quantities using the concept of impedance. Do not use the reflection coefficient r or the transmission coefficient t in your answer.



# Problem #2

Write expressions for the total electric field and the total magnetic field inside Material 1. Write the same expressions for Material 2. Do not use the reflection coefficient r or the transmission coefficient t in your answer.

### Problem #3

Write the boundary conditions at z = 0 that relate the electric and magnetic field components on either side of the interface. Do not use the reflection coefficient *r* or the transmission coefficient *t* in your answer.

### Problem #4

From the expressions in Problem #3, derive the reflection coefficient r in terms of  $\eta_1$  and  $\eta_2$ .

#### Problem #5

From the expressions in Problem #3, derive the transmission coefficient t in terms of  $\eta_1$  and  $\eta_2$ .

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#### **Standing Waves**

### Problem #6

An electromagnetic wave propagating through air is incident on water (n = 1.33) at normal incidence. Calculate the standing wave ratio (SWR) in decibels assuming the water does not have a magnetic response.

## Problem #7

What side of the interface does the standing wave exist?

### Problem #8

In an experiment, an electromagnetic wave is reflected off of the surface of a material in air at normal incidence. The standing wave ratio is measured to be 4.2. Assuming the material does not have a magnetic response, what is its dielectric constant?



### Problem #9

How thick *d* should a dielectric slab ( $\varepsilon_r = 9.0$ ) be made so that it is transparent to a 2.4 GHz wave?