



Computational Science:  
Computational Methods in Engineering

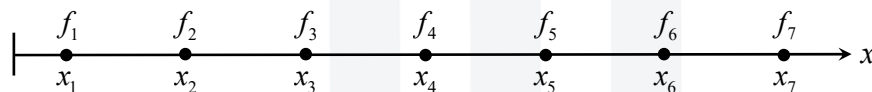
# Introduction to Numerical Differentiation



## The Problem

Suppose it is desired to calculate the second-order derivative of some function that is known only at seven discrete points.

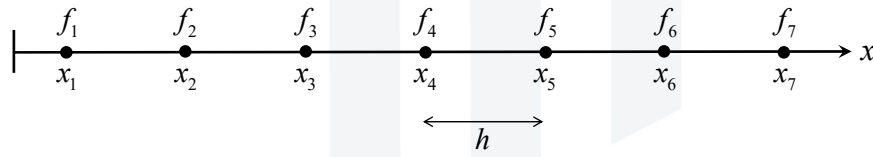
$$\frac{d^2 f(x)}{dx^2} \cong ?$$



## The Finite-Difference Approximation

The second-order derivative can be estimated with a 3-point finite-difference approximation.

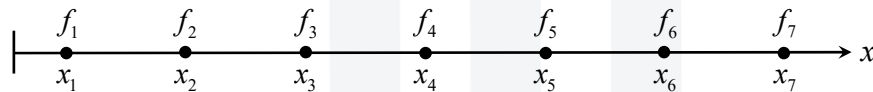
$$\frac{d^2 f_i}{dx^2} \cong \frac{f_{i-1} - 2f_i + f_{i+1}}{h^2}$$



## The Middle Points

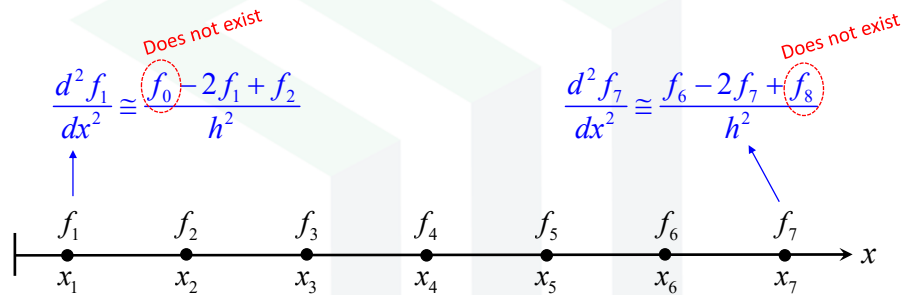
The derivatives are approximated at each intermediate point by applying the finite-difference approximation using the surrounding points.

$$\frac{d^2 f_2}{dx^2} \cong \frac{f_1 - 2f_2 + f_3}{h^2} \qquad \frac{d^2 f_5}{dx^2} \cong \frac{f_4 - 2f_5 + f_6}{h^2}$$



## Problem at the Boundaries

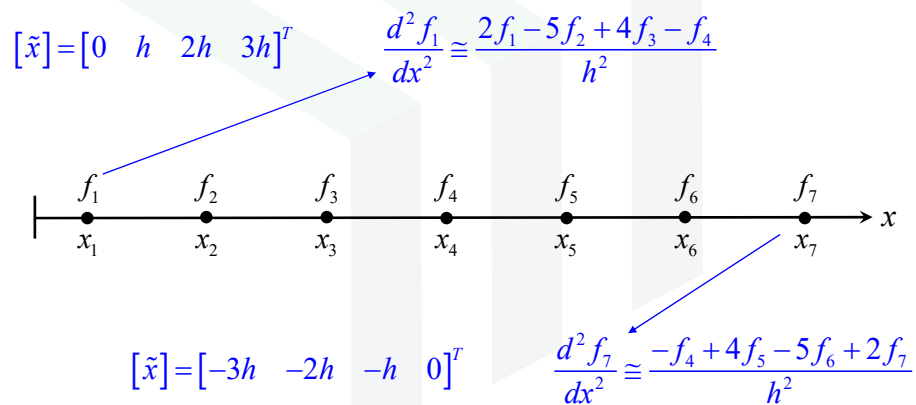
How are the finite-differences evaluated at  $i = 1$  and  $i = 7$ ?



The finite-difference equations at the boundaries of the grid contain terms that do not exist because they are outside of the grid and so they are not stored in memory.

## One Possible Boundary Fix

New finite-difference approximations must be derived for each boundary point.



## Summary of Finite-Difference Approximations

Below are all of the equations across the entire grid to numerically calculate the second-order derivative. The boundary points get their own special equations.

$$\frac{d^2 f_i}{dx^2} \cong \frac{f_{i-1} - 2f_i + f_{i+1}}{h^2}$$

The diagram shows a horizontal axis labeled  $x$  with seven points marked:  $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7$ . Above each point is a function value:  $f_1, f_2, f_3, f_4, f_5, f_6, f_7$ . A blue bracket spans from  $x_2$  to  $x_6$ , with the general formula  $\frac{d^2 f_i}{dx^2} \cong \frac{f_{i-1} - 2f_i + f_{i+1}}{h^2}$  positioned above it. Below the axis, two special equations are shown with blue arrows pointing from  $x_1$  and  $x_7$  to them:

$$\frac{d^2 f_1}{dx^2} \cong \frac{2f_1 - 5f_2 + 4f_3 - f_4}{h^2}$$

$$\frac{d^2 f_7}{dx^2} \cong \frac{-f_4 + 4f_5 - 5f_6 + 2f_7}{h^2}$$